

1. Identification

Product Identifier	P.O.G.	
Other means of identification		
Product code	CU-3478	
Recommended use	Paint, oil, and grease remove	er.
Recommended restrictions	None.	
Manufacturer information		
Company name	Chemical Universe, Inc.	
Address	1841 Vernon St. North Kansas City, MO 64116	5
Telephone	(816) 471-3602	
Fax	(816) 474-3302	
Emergency phone number	PERS 24-hour Emergency	(800) 633-8253 (800) 633-8253

2. Hazard(s) Identification

Physical hazards	Flammable Liquids	Category 4
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin irritant	Category 2
	Eye damage	Category 1
	Aspiration Hazard	Category 2
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the	Category 4
	aquatic environment	
OSHA defined hazards	None	
Label elements		
Signal word	DANGER	
Hazard statement	Combustible liquid.	
	May be harmful if swallo	wed.
	Causes skin irritation.	
	Causes serious eye irritat	ion.
	May be fatal if swallowed	d and enters airways.
Precautionary statement		
Prevention		and hot surfaces. No smoking. Wear protective gloves/eye on. Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. ronment.
Response		fog, foam, or carbon dioxide (CO ₂) to extinguish. Call a POISON professional if you feel unwell.
		elenty soap and water for 15 minutes. Specific treatment (see
	-	ata Sheet). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Take
		g and wash it before reuse.
		sly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
		Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON
	CENTER/doctor/medical	
	NOT induce vomiting.	ately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/medical professional. Do
Chavana	0	alass Kasa and Stars ladied up
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated	place. Keep cool. Store locked up.



Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwiseNone.classified (HNOC)Supplemental informationNone

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures Component(s)		
Chemical name	CAS number	%
Pentyl acetate	628-63-7	30-50
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	20-30
Medium aliphatic solvent, Naphtha	Mixture	15-25
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1-10
Other components below reportable levels		1-20

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.
Eye contact	Rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Dermatitis. Rash. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general support measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to the hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO_2). Dry chemical powder, sand, or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source or ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protecting clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Flammable liquid and vapor.



6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors or mists. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep combustibles away from spilled material.
	Large spills: Stop the flow of material if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements, or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small spills: Absorb with earth, sand, or other non-combustible material and transfer to container for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original container for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the open environment. Avoid discharge into surface waterways and other areas not consistent with package labeling.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Use explosion proof equipment and non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage,	Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Ground/bond container and equipment.
including any	Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see
incompatibilities	section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limi	its			
US OSHA Table Z-1 Limit	s for Air Contaminan	ts (29 CFR 1910.1000)		
Components	Туре		Value	
2-butoxyethanol	PEL		50 ppm	
US ACGIH Threshold Lim	it Values			
Components	Туре		Value	
2-butoxyethanol	STEL		20 ppm	
Biological limit values				
ACGIH Biological Exposu	re Indices			
Components	Value	Determinant	Species	Sampling Time
2-butoxyethanol	200 mg/g	Creatinine	Urine	End of shift.
Appropriate engineering controls	0		0, 1, 1,	ould be used. Ventilation ess enclosures, local exhau

rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment



Eye/face protection Skin protection	Avoid contact with eyes. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Hand protection	The use of gloves impervious to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin contact. Users should check with manufacturers to confirm the breakthrough performance of their products. Depending on exposure and use conditions, additional protection may be necessary to prevent skin contact including use of items such as chemical-resistant boots, aprons, arm covers, hoods, coveralls, or encapsulated suits. Suggested protective materials: Nitrile and PVC rubber.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical-resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke or use chewing tobacco. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical State	Liquid.
Color	Light yellow translucent
Odor	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	300-410°F (148.9-210°C) estimated.
Flash point	150°F (66°C) estimated.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability	Not available.
Flammability Limits	
Upper	6% (estimated)
Lower	0.8% (estimated)
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Specific gravity (water=1)	0.90
Solubility in water	Insoluble.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
(n-octanol/water)	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	This product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions. Store in a cool dark place.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.



Incompatible materials	Oxidizing agents, acids.
Hazardous decomposition	Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide.
products	

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of	f exposure
Ingestion	Expected to be low ingestion hazard.
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	May cause skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Wear eye/face protection.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics	Dermatitis. Rash.
Acute toxicity	May be harmful if swallowed.

Product POG – Paint, Oil, & Grease (CAS mixture)		
Exposure Classification	Route and Species	LD ₅₀ /LC ₅₀
Acute	<i>Oral,</i> rat	2,500 mg/kg (estimated)
Acute	Dermal, rat	> 10,400 mg/kg (estimated)
*Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown		

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/ irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitization	Not available.
Skin sensitization	Not available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	This product is not expected to be a carcinogen.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)	Not Listed
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	Not classified.
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	May be harmful or fatal if product enters airways.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity		
Product POG – Paint, Oil, & Grease (CAS mixture)		
Aquatic Receptor	Species	Test Thresholds
Fish	Fathead minnow	$LC_{50} = 23 \text{ mg/L} \text{ (estimated)}$
Crustacea	Daphnia Magna	$EC_{50} = 14 \text{ mg/L} \text{ (estimated)}$
Fish	Western mosquitofish	EC ₅₀ = 72 mg/L – 92-hr (estimated)
*Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown		

Persistence and degradability	No data available. The listed classes of chemicals within this product are not known to persist in an open aerobic environment
Bio-accumulative potential	Potential to bioaccumulation is expected to be low.
Mobility in soil	No data available. Mixture chemicals are expected to exhibit moderate to high level of mobility in saturated and semi-saturated soil matrices



Other adverse effects

Harmful to aquatic life in elevated concentrations. May cause long-lasting harmful effects to aquatic life with repeated exposure.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer, and the waste disposal company. As packaged, this product may meet criteria defining RCRA ignitable (D001) hazardous wastes when disposed. (40 CFR Part 261, Subpart C). Before selecting disposal method, ensure that the waste materials have been accurately assessed and, as necessary, tested to confirm regulatory status
Waste from residues/unused product	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner. (See: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may contain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

Not regulated as a hazardous material

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous	substance	Not listed.
SARA 304 Emergency release n	otification	Not listed.
SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories		
	Immediate Hazard - Yes	
Delayed Hazard – No		ard – No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

2-butoxyethanol (Glycol Ether Category)

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Ethylene Oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to <u>www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</u>.

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision.

Fire Hazard – Yes Pressure Hazard – No Reactivity Hazard – No

Issue date	4/1/2015
Revision date	9/3/2021
Version #	2
HMIS [®] ratings	Health: 2
	Flammability: 2
	Physical hazard: 0





NFPA ratings

Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0



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DisclaimerThe information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge<br/>and have been obtained from resources believed to be reliable. The information given is<br/>designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation,<br/>disposal, and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The<br/>information related only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such<br/>material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified by<br/>the text.Revision informationGeneral format update, Prop 65 statement; Update toxicology, PPE, and environmental<br/>fate information; PPE notations; Composition chart update; Physical data update;<br/>miscellaneous text corrections; HMIS and NFPA pictograms inserted.
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